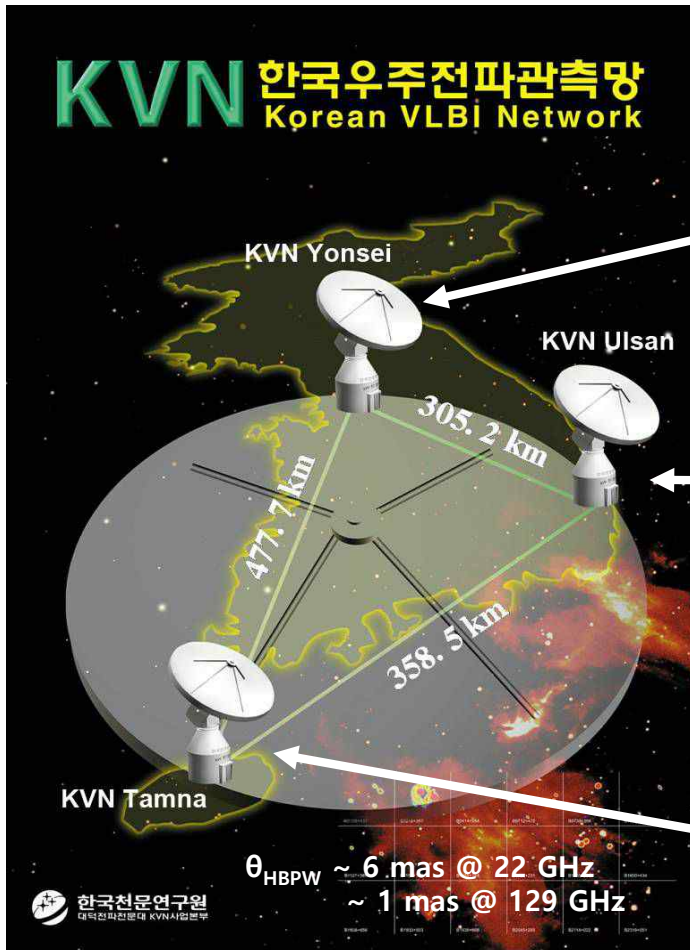


# **Korean VLBI Network Current Status and Plan**

**Se-Jin Oh  
On behalf of KVN**

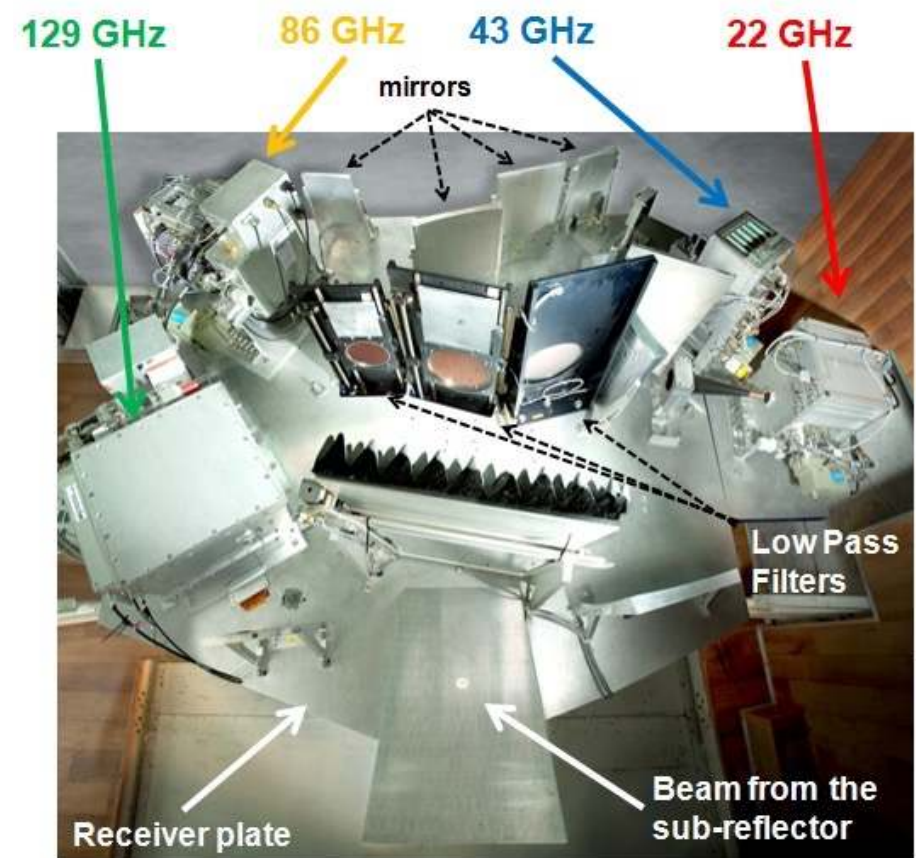
# Korean VLBI Network (KVN)



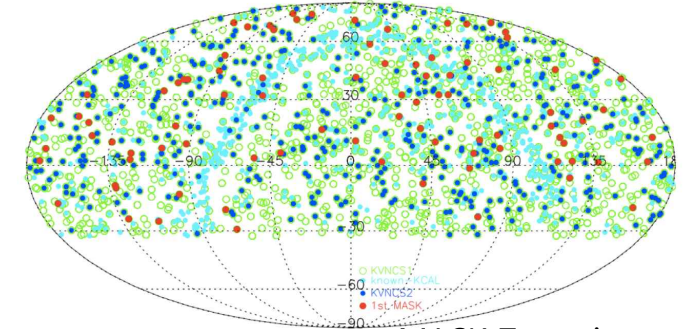
- 3 Telescopes ( $D = 21\text{m}$ )
- 22/43/86/129GHz
- 300 - 500 km
- $\theta = 1 - 6 \text{ mas}$
- Science Targets  
AGN/SF/Evolved Star  
+ micro quasar

# Multi-Frequency Receiving System

- Simultaneous Multi-frequency Observation
  - @ 22/43/86/129GHz
  - Dual Pol : LCP & RCP
- (Source) Frequency Phase Transfer
  - Weak Source Detection
  - Chromatic Astrometry
- Multi-Frequency Observation
  - SED
  - Rotation Measure

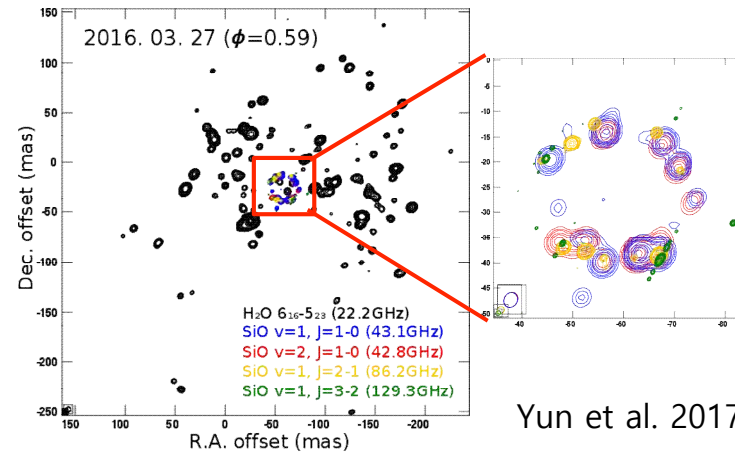


# KVN Multi-Frequency Observations



MASK Team in prep

- Largest number of New detections Ever! (on-going)
  - ~574 AGNs(>80%) @ 43GHz
  - ~428 AGNs(>60%) @ 86GHz
  - ~281 AGNs(>50%) @ 130GHz
  - ~80 high-z AGNs ( $z = 2.5-6.5$ )



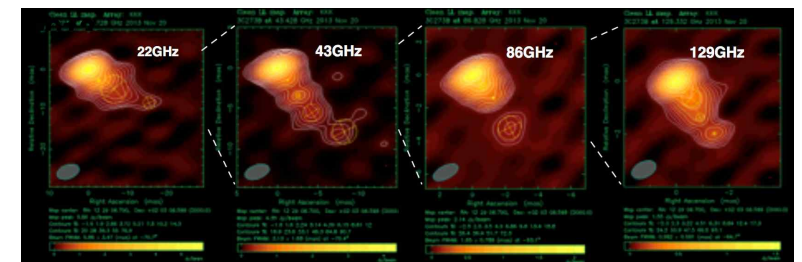
M/F maser maps of Vx Sgr

Yun et al. 2017

- M/F Images/Astrometry
  - Evolved Stars & AGNs

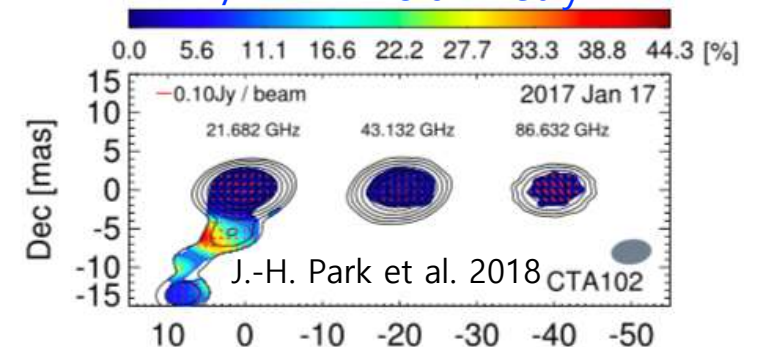
iMOGABA

- Multi-Frequency Polarimetry
  - AGN jet structure and magnetic fields from M/F Rotation Measure



M/F VLBI Polarimetry

- Demonstration on the performance of simultaneous M/F
  - Tropospheric / Ionospheric phase calibration
  - Ideal system for mm-VLBI observation



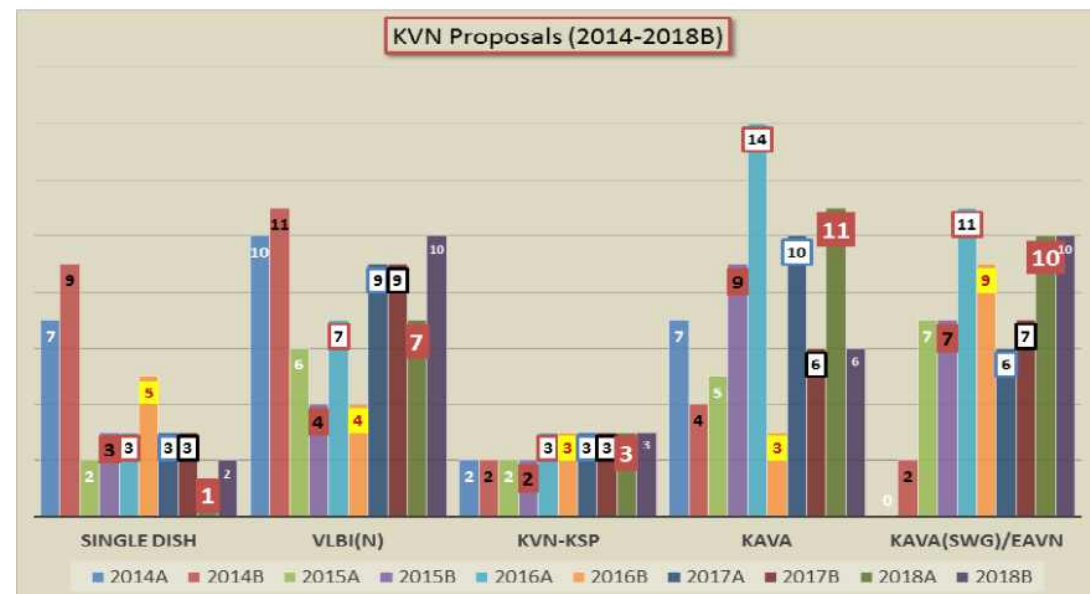
J.-H. Park et al. 2018

CTA102



# KVN Operation Status

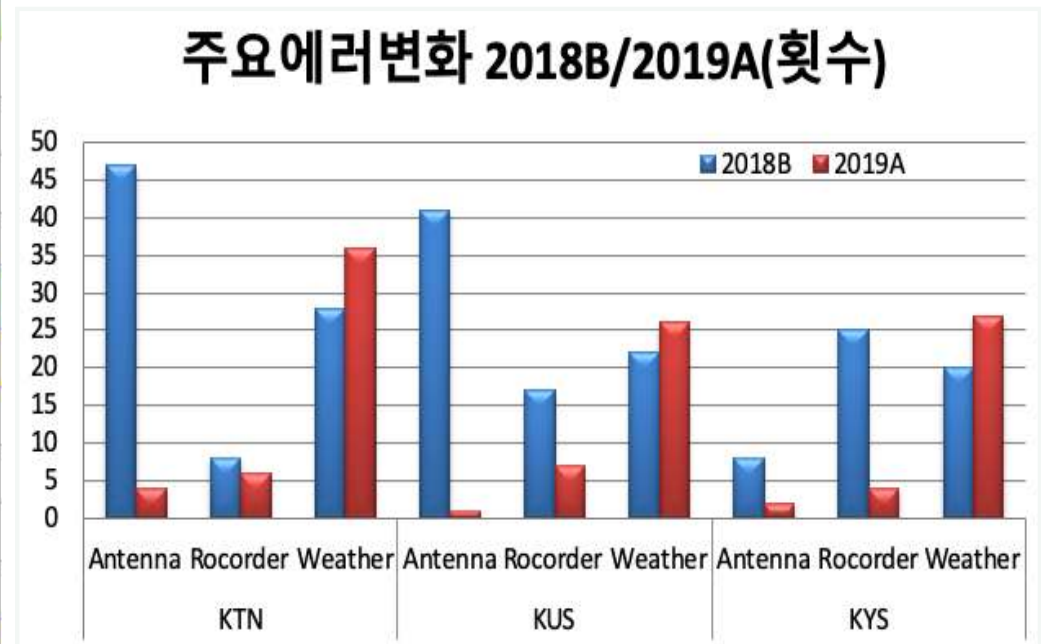
- VLBI > 3500h/yr (+ SD 500-1000 h/yr/site)
  - KVN Only : 2500h
  - KaVA (KVN and VERA Array) : 1000h
  - EAVN/EVN/GMVA/Sejong > 300h
- KVN Key Science Projects : 1000h/yr
  - Evolved Star(1) & AGN (2)
- KaVA Large Programs : 500h/yr
  - AGN, Star formation, Evolved stars, Galactic astrometry
- Global Common Use : 1000h/yr
  - KVN(500h/yr) + KaVA/EAVN (500h/yr)
- Proposals status
  - 2018B: KVN(16), EAVN (14)
  - 2019A: KVN (12), EAVN (19)
  - 2019B: KVN (8), EAVN (24)
- Total 122 refereed papers using KVN (from 2013)
  - Toal 95 SCI papers (14 SCI papers/yr)



# KVN Operation Statistics 2018B/2019A

	# of Obs	Total Time Allocated	Actual Obs Time	Success w/ minor err	Cancel	Fail
<b>2019A</b>	246	2010	1866	232	8	6
<b>2018B</b>	231	2030	1924	218	11	2

2018B Error counts	KTN	KUS	KYS	Sum
Antenna control failures	47	41	8	96
Problems with recorder	8	17	25	50
Severe weather condition	28	22	20	70
Other problems	55	54	37	146
<b>Sum</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>362</b>
2019A Error counts	KTN	KUS	KYS	Sum
Antenna control failures	4	1	2	7
Problems with recorder	6	7	4	17
Severe weather condition	36	26	27	89
Other Problems	25	22	37	84
<b>Sum</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>197</b>



# KVN System Upgrade Plan

한국우주전파관측망 증장기 계획											
		1단계				2단계				3단계	
구분		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2023
사업 내용		Key Science Program-I; 1000시간/년				Key Science Program -II				E-KVN 운영	
		Common Use: 1000시간 / 년 (KVN Global Open : 2015, KaVA Global Open : 2016)									
		KaVA Large Program-1단계 : 1000시간/년				KaVA / EAVN Large Program-2 단계					
		EAVN 연구관측									
성능 개선	MF-PCAL	MF-PCAL을 이용한 다주파수 Astrometry 3채널 : 2016, 4채널 : 2017 부터								E-KVN 운영	
	광대역	8Gbps 운영 (4 x 512MHz) + 32Gbps (4 x 2GHz) 도입 및 운영				32Gbps 운영 + 256Gbps (8x2 GHz) 도입					
		수신기 / 상관계 광대역화									
	초고속 네트워크	e-Shipping		e-VLBI		E-KVN 기획 및 예산 확보		E-KVN 건설 - 2-3 stations - 4 주파수 양면파 동시관측 - 256Gbps ( 32Gbps / ch) - 상관계 개발			
	Astrometry 검증	연구 관측		측지 VLBI							
우주측지/세종											

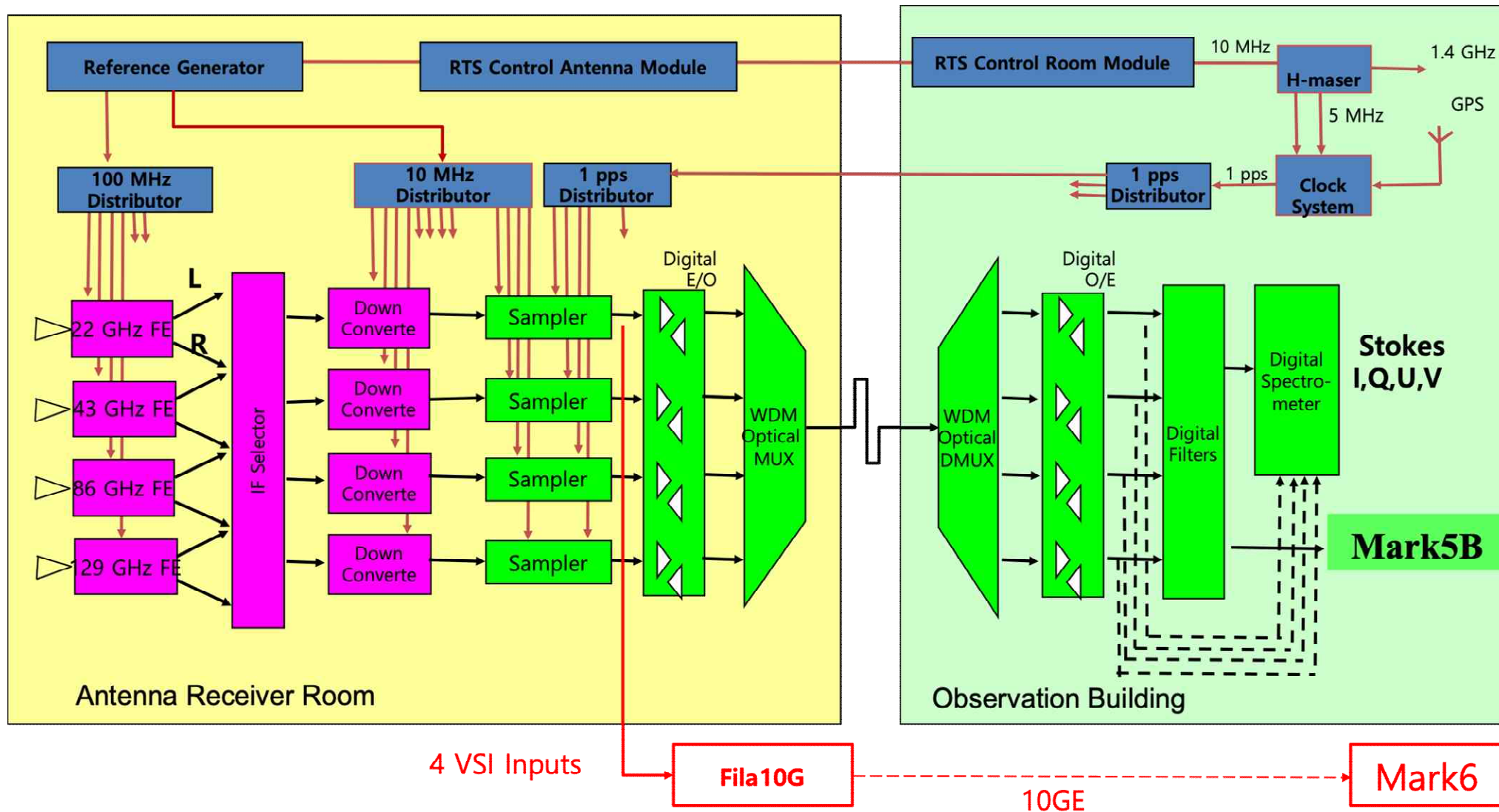
# KVN System Upgrade: Receiver

- Upgrade current Rx by replacing narrow band components  
~ LNA, Feed Horn, Polarizer, tunable LO etc
- Instantaneous Bandwidth = 8GHz

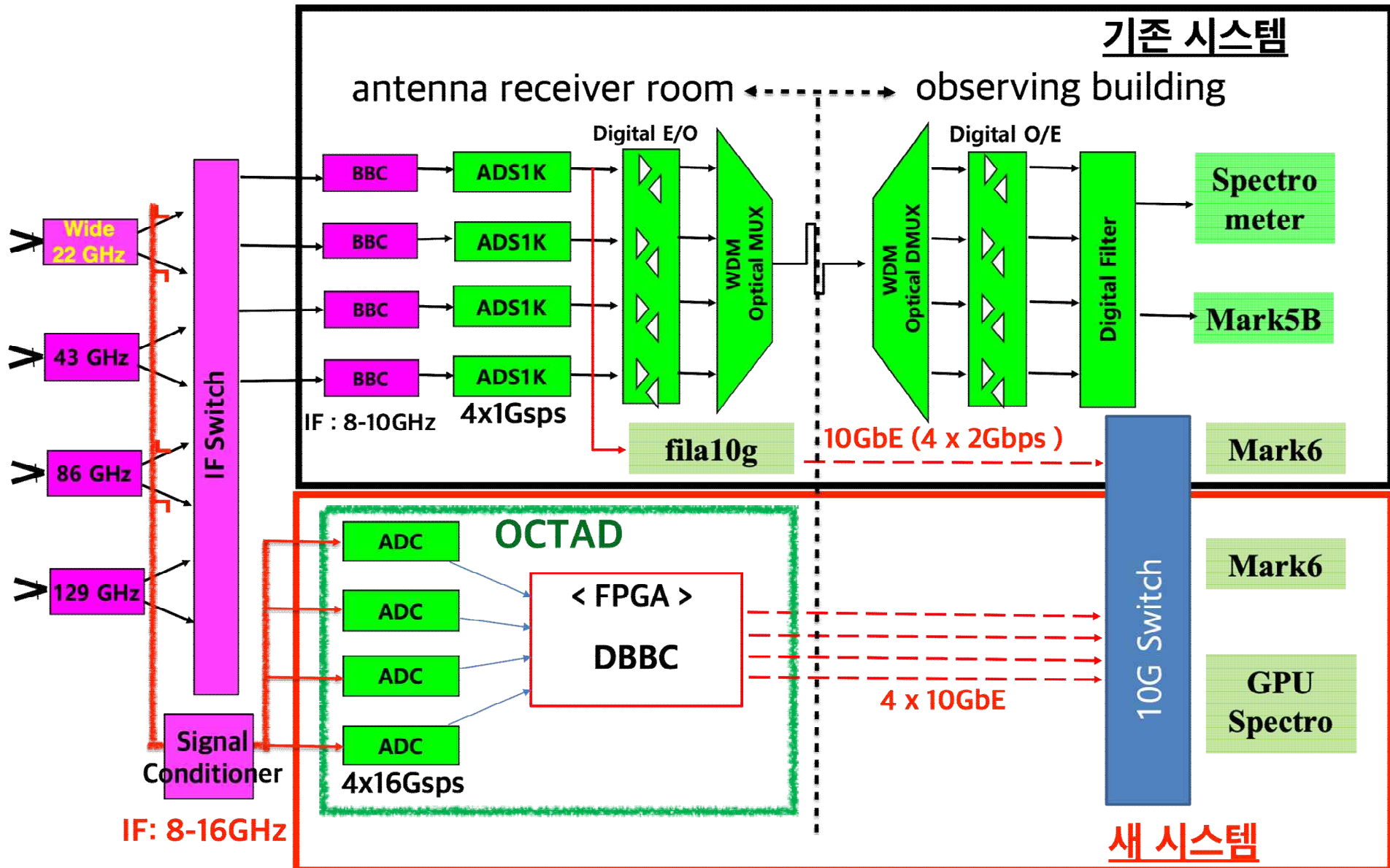
KVN Receiver	Freq. (old)	Freq. (new)	Trx (new)	Installation
K-band	21.24 - 23.25	18 - 26	< 40	Completed in '18 (all KVN stations)
Q-band	42.10 - 44.10	35 - 50	< 50	KYS ('19 Sep) KUS ('20) KTN ('20 or '21)
W-band	85 - 95	85 - 116	< 80	KYS ('19 Sep) KUS (done, '18) KTN ('20)
D-band	125 - 142	125 - 172	< 60	'23 ~



# KVN System Upgrade: (old) DAS



# KVN System Upgrade: (new!) DAS



# OCTAD



- 4 ADC (4 x 16Gbps)
- Input Freq. 8 - 16GHz
- Digital Down Conversion
- Digital Filtering
- 4 x 10GbE output
- VDIF format



Bandwidth (MHz)	Max Num of Channels	Max Data Rate (Gbps)
8192	1	32
4096	2	32
2048	4	32
1024	8	32
512	16	32
256	16	16
128	16	8
64	16	4
32	16	2
16	16	1

## KVN 4-Frequency Full Polarization

K-DAS (4 CH)+ OCTAD (4 CH) or OCTAD (8 CH) with Mark6

22 R/L, 43 R/L, 86 R/L, 129 R/L  
Data rate: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 Gbps

## Mark 6

- Max 16Gbps recording
- 4 disk modules with 8 HDDs each
- 4 10GbE input





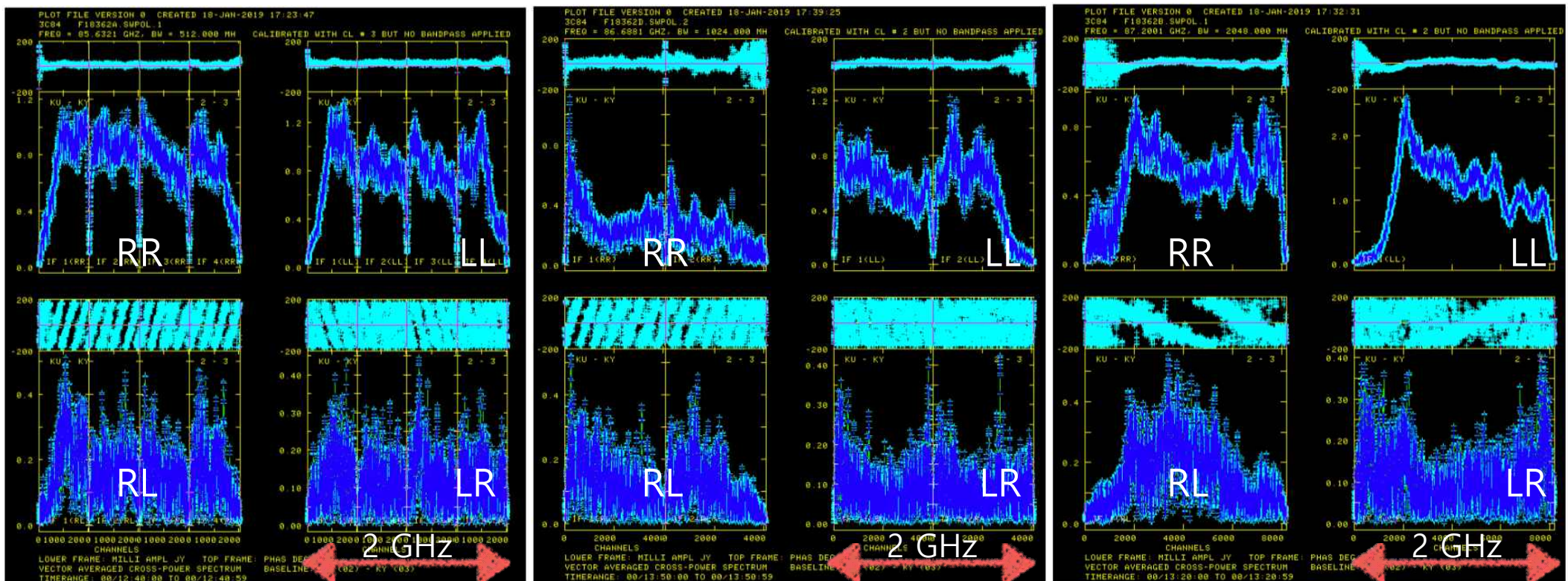
# 16Gbps Fringes with 32Gbps mode

## KYS-KUS with 22/86GHz Dual-Pol (f18324 & f18362)

f18362 fringe test

32Gbps setup in simultaneous K/W observation —> W-band fringes (16Gbps) detected!

512 MHz x 8 Channels x 2 Pols    1024 MHz x 4 Channels x 2 Pols    2048 MHz x 2 Channels x 2 Pols

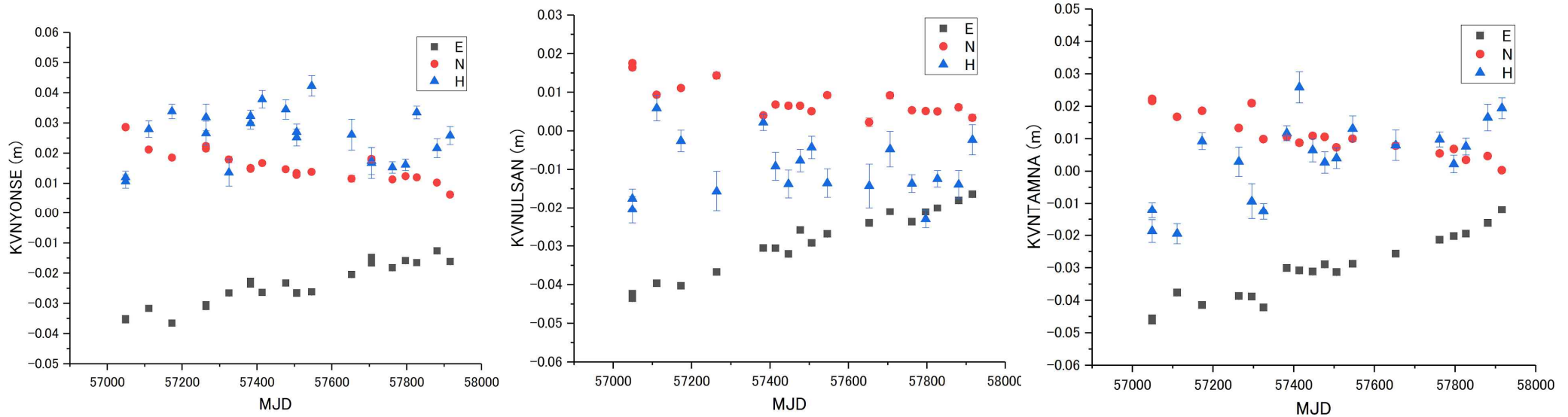


- Signal Chain: K/W-band Rx (2 Pol) —> OCTAD —> 10G switch —> Mark6 (2EA)
- 2048 channels / IF
- Partial fringe detection at K-band Pol data (f18324)

# KVN Antenna Position Updates

- The accuracy of KVN antenna positions are much improved (~ a few mm level) based on KaVA K-band geodesy
- Daily antenna positions of KVN is available
- Great advantage for VLBI astrometry/geodesy

ENH coordinates of KVN  
Analyzed by Dr. Jake (NAOJ)

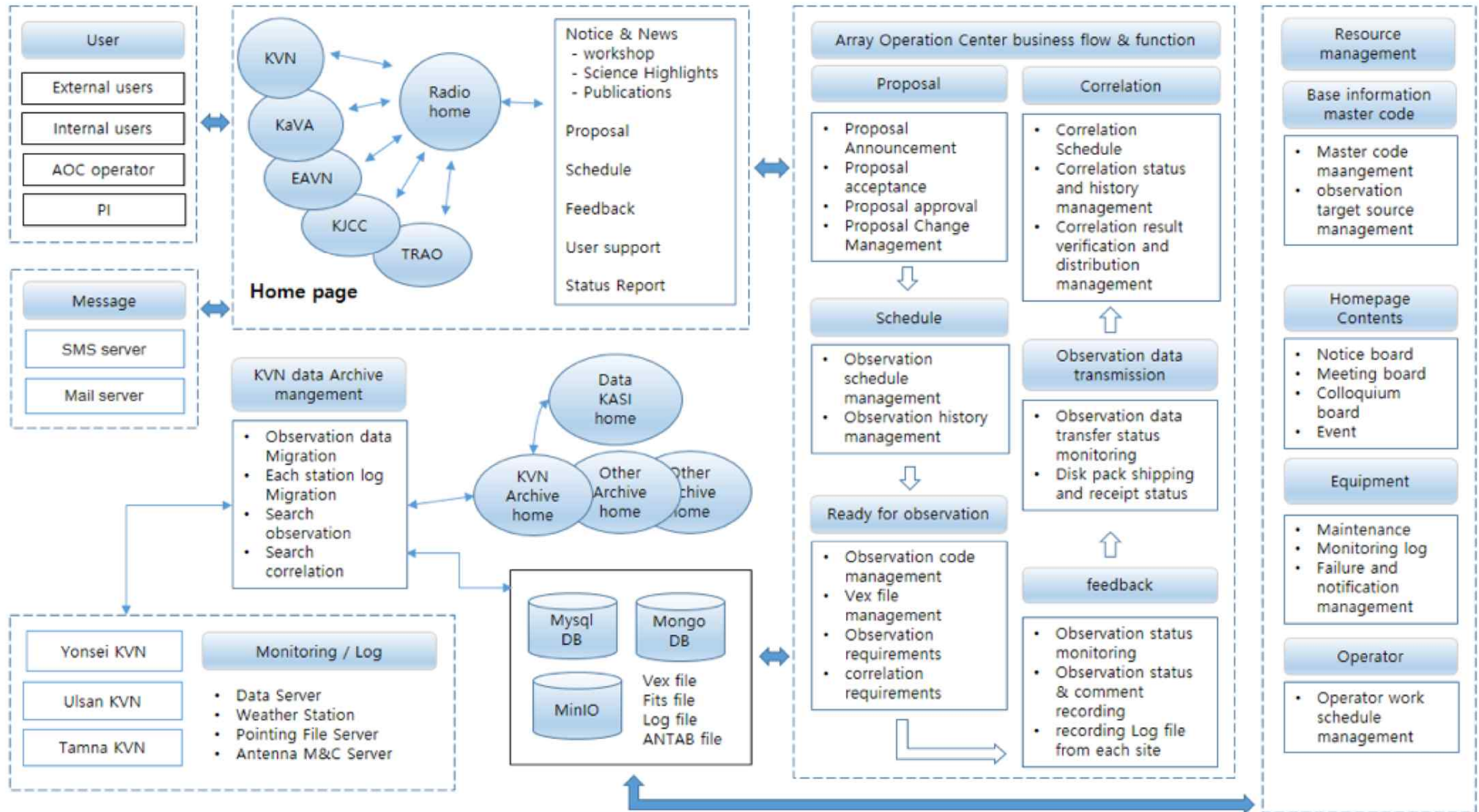
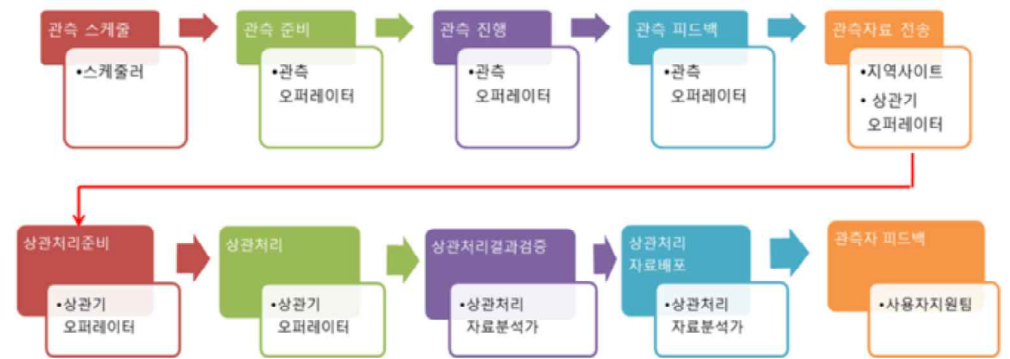


Example: Daily IVP of KVN Yonsei radio telescope (2015. 1. 1 ~ 2020.12.31)

Date	Obs	MJD	E (m)	N (m)	H (m)	Date	Obs	MJD	E (m)	N (m)	H (m)
2015/01/01	1	57023	-3042280.9740	4045902.6891	3867374.3521	2020/12/16	351	59199	-3042281.0314	4045902.6671	3867374.3145
2015/01/02	2	57024	-3042280.9740	4045902.6891	3867374.3521	2020/12/17	352	59200	-3042281.0314	4045902.6671	3867374.3145
2015/01/03	3	57025	-3042280.9740	4045902.6891	3867374.3521	2020/12/18	353	59201	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/04	4	57026	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3521	2020/12/19	354	59202	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/05	5	57027	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/20	355	59203	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/06	6	57028	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/21	356	59204	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/07	7	57029	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/22	357	59205	-3042281.0316	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/08	8	57030	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/23	358	59206	-3042281.0316	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/09	9	57031	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/24	359	59207	-3042281.0316	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/10	10	57032	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/25	360	59208	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/11	11	57033	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3519	2020/12/26	361	59209	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/12	12	57034	-3042280.9743	4045902.6890	3867374.3519	2020/12/27	362	59210	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/13	13	57035	-3042280.9743	4045902.6890	3867374.3519	2020/12/28	363	59211	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/14	14	57036	-3042280.9743	4045902.6889	3867374.3519	2020/12/29	364	59212	-3042281.0318	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/15	15	57037	-3042280.9743	4045902.6889	3867374.3519	2020/12/30	365	59213	-3042281.0318	4045902.6670	3867374.3142
						2020/12/31	366	59214	-3042281.0318	4045902.6670	3867374.3142



# "Web-based" Operation KVN / EAVN

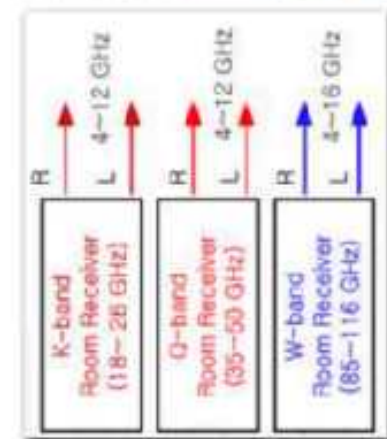


# Notice to Users

(S. T. Han)

## Compact Triple-band Receiver (CTR)

Installed on Sep. 2~3 at KYS

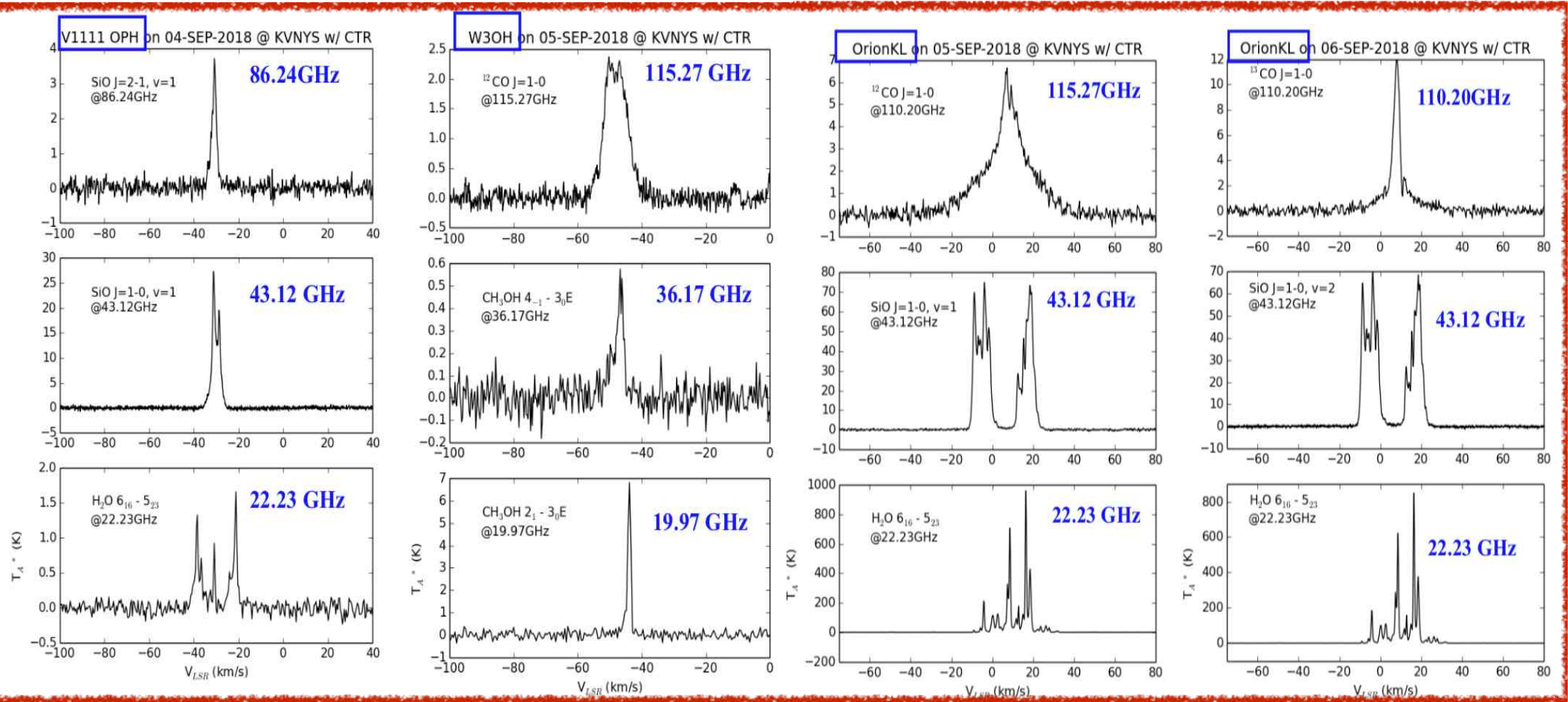


RF: 18-116GHz



# Compact Triple-band Receiver (CTR)

(S. T. Han & D. Y. Byun)



- **Pointing offset among 3 channels : less than 3 arcsec to conduct simultaneous observations**
- **Aperture efficiencies : Obtained as much as we could (K- : 68 %, Q-: 66 %, W-band : 50%)**
- **Receiver noise temperatures : Not bad, but have to be improved (OMT, Polarizer and LNA)**
- ❖ **CTR is tailorable for use in telescopes with a small receiver cabin.**
- ❖ **Ultimately this concept may lead to development of much more compact multi-frequency receiver systems for mm-wave and sub-mm radio telescopes**



KVN (K/Q/W/D)  
VERA (K/Q)  
Sejong (K/Q/W)

# Simultaneous Multi-Freq. VLBI System in Globe



Yebes 40m (Spain, K/Q/W)

Nobeyama 45m (Japan, K/Q/W)

Metsahovi 14m (Finland, K/Q/W)

Tianma 65m (China, K/Q)



E-KVN (K/Q/W/D+230GHz)



"Standard System" in mm-VLBI



VLBA MK 25m (USA, K/Q/W)

Sardenia 64m, Noto 32m, Medicina 32m (Italia, K/Q/W) Mopra 22m (Australia, K/Q/W)



ATCA 22m x5 (Australia, Q/W)



## KVN Online Archive

[About KOA](#)[User Guide](#)[Archiving Policy](#)[Archiving Search](#)[Flts list](#)[To Do List](#)

## KVN Data Archive at KASI

Exp\_code: 

Exp code	Obs Date	Season	Title	Frequency Band
s18tj02a	2018-05-24		MASK 2018A #24-SOUR-16	

Observation Date :  ~ Polarization:  LHCP  RHCP  DualFrequency Band:  S2GHz  X8GHz  K22GHz  Q43GHz  W86GHz  D129GHzBandwidth:  64MHz  128MHz  256MHz  512MHz  1GHz  2GHzKVN Archive Database  
(in progress)Source Name: 

Source Position(J2000)

Right Ascension: hour  minute  second Declination: degree  minute  second 

KVN (Korean VLBI Network)

- KVN observation database since 2013
- All types of KVN observations (incl. normal, system test)
- Various options for data search (src/date/freq/position)
- Download link
- Calibrated (pipeline processed) data (after 2019 mid)
- Developer: Jae Sik Shin



# THE MOST POWERFUL EYES IN THE UNIVERSE

서울~울산~제주 삼각관측  
우주와의 '소통' 한걸음 더

12일 제주도 서귀포 하남에서 북극성을 중심으로 궤적을 그리며 돌고 있는 별들을 향해 지름 21m 크기의 집시 안테나가 우뚝 솟아 있다. 서울 연세대-울산 울산대-제주 말리대 총 3각으로 연결하는 한국우주전파관측망(KVFN) 사업의 마무리 단계로 서귀포 말리대 동리천파문대의 전파망원경이 지난 1일 성형식을 마치고 시월 가동에 들어갔다. 전파망원경 식대가 연결되면 서울에서 제주 한라산의 별 한 줄도 식별할 수 있는 정밀도를 갖게 된다. 한국우주전파관측망을 가동하면 우리도 우주의 블랙홀을 정밀하게 별의 탄생과 사멸을 연구할 수 있고, 한반도 지각변동도 정밀 모니터링할 수 있게 된다. 이 사진은 디지털 카메라에 14mm 렌즈를 부착해 1시간 동안 셔터를 열어 찍었다.

서귀포/김종규 기자 bong9@hani.co.kr

Thank you !