

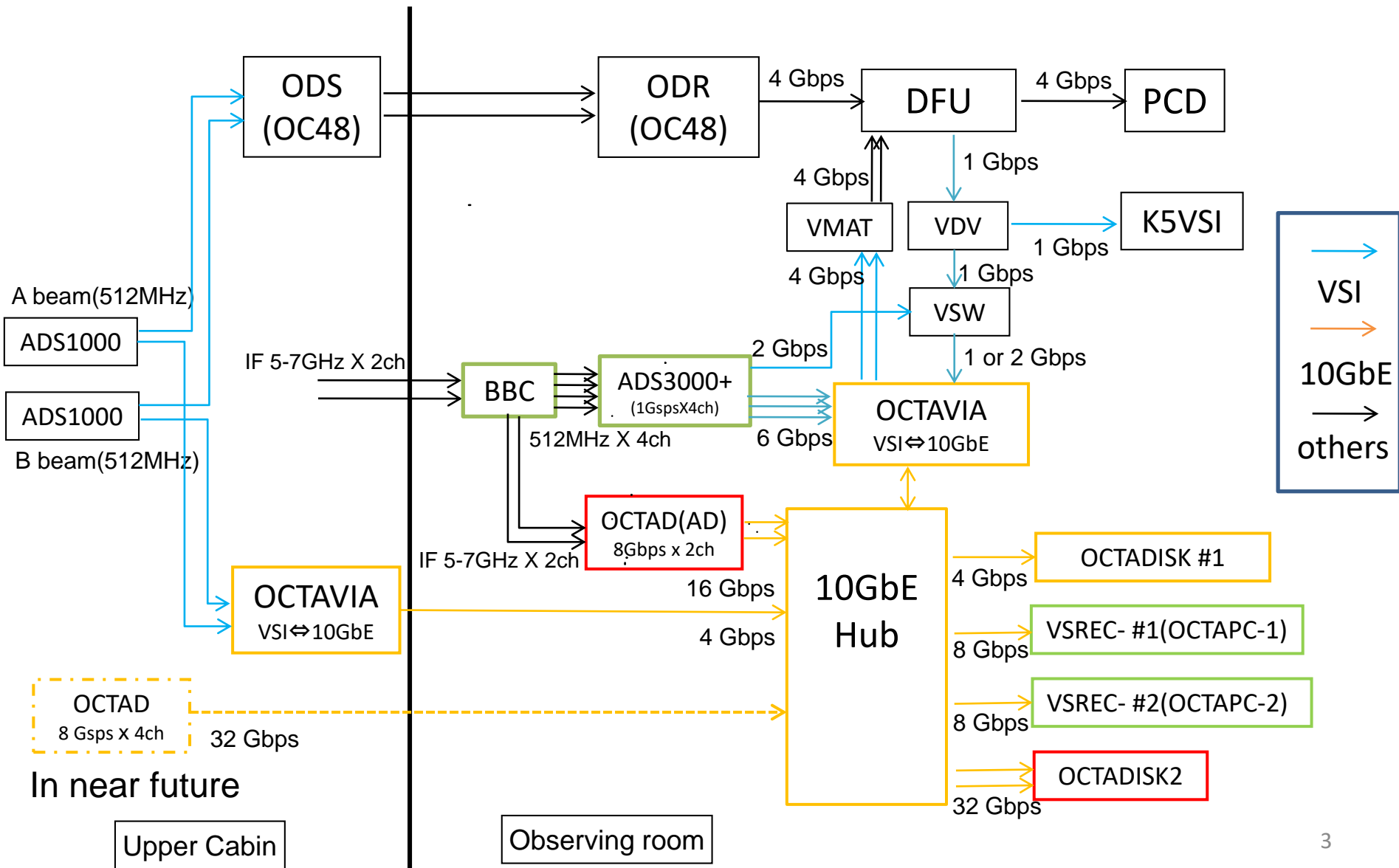
# Progress report on upgrade VERA for EAVN and GVLBI

Tomoaki Oyama

# VERA upgrade : past and future

- 1<sup>st</sup> Phase : 2008-2015
  - Replace
    - Mitaka-FX → Mizusawa Soft correlator (2015～)
    - DIR2000 recorder → OCTAVIA、OCTADISK (2014～)
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Phase : 2010-2017
  - VERA、VSOP、JVN等各種プロジェクトサイエンス目的のupgrade
    - 広帯域化 → 2-12Gbps (ADS1k、ADS3k、OCTADISK、VSREC)
    - K,Q両偏波化 (水沢、入来のみ)
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Phase : 2015～2020
  - SKA、KaVA、EAVN時代に向けた (汎用化) アレイ構築、**基礎開発、将来計画**
    - **超広帯域: 4～9.2 GHz (KVN、HINOTORI、Brand-EVN、SKA-Band5C対応)**
    - **K,Q両偏波化、同時受信**
    - **統合RF,IFスイッチの導入**
    - **ソフト相関器高速化 → GPU化**

# 2<sup>nd</sup> Phase : Block diagram (2017/10)



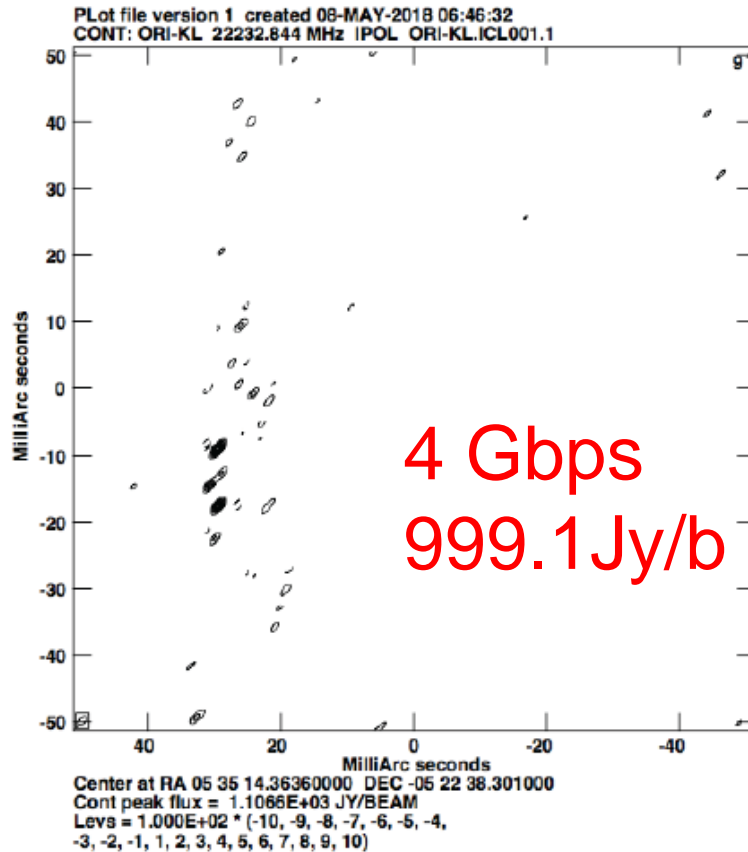
# 広帯域 (ph2) 観測運用状況

- 1Gbps : 定常運用開始 (2014/9~、2015/9)
- 2Gpbs x 2ch (A&B or L&R) : 定常運用開始 (2017/9~)
- 4-12Gbps (A&B=2+2+8 Gbps) : 定常運用開始 (2018/9~)

				ADS3K	ADS1K	VERA	JVN		
	10-12 G	8G	6G	4G	2Gx2	2G	2G	観測 総数	
2012/9~	0	6	0	11	3	2	0	22	
2013/9~	13	3	1	4	15	4	0	40	
2014/9~	10	0	2	3	12	2	5	34	
2015/9~	3	24	9	20	7	5	13	81	
2016/9~	12	44	6	14	7	16	11	110	
2017/9~	32	30	3	16	47	15	0	163	
2018/9~	50	13	0	16	69	8	7	163	

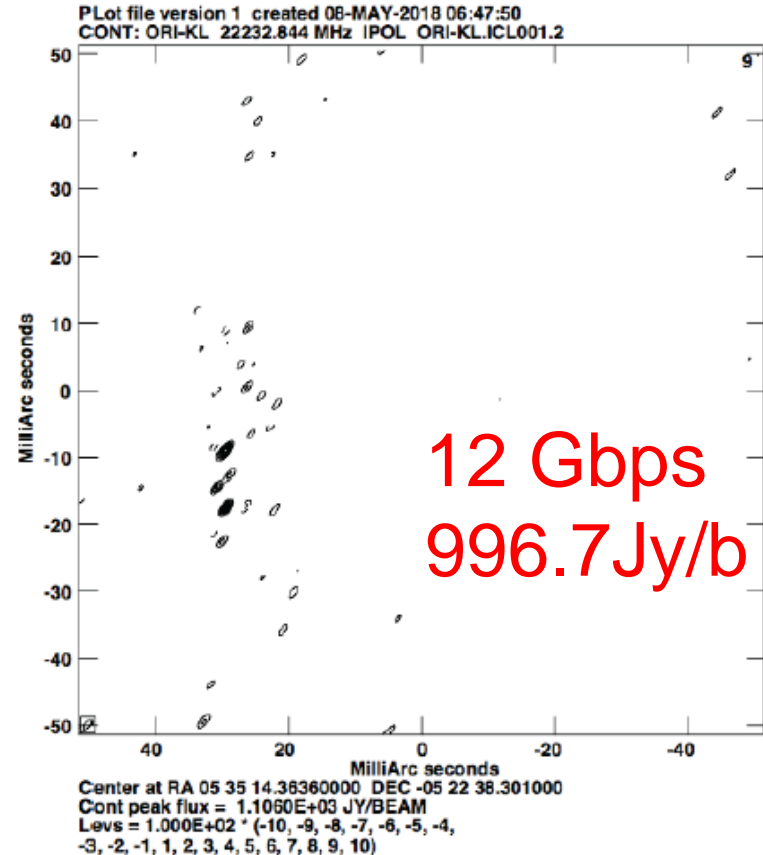
# Broad band system : Phase-ref Image Comparison bet 4G VS 12G (Orion-KL)

ORION-KL (4G)



peak = 999.11 Jy/beam  
rms = 27.39 Jy/beam

ORION-KL (12G)

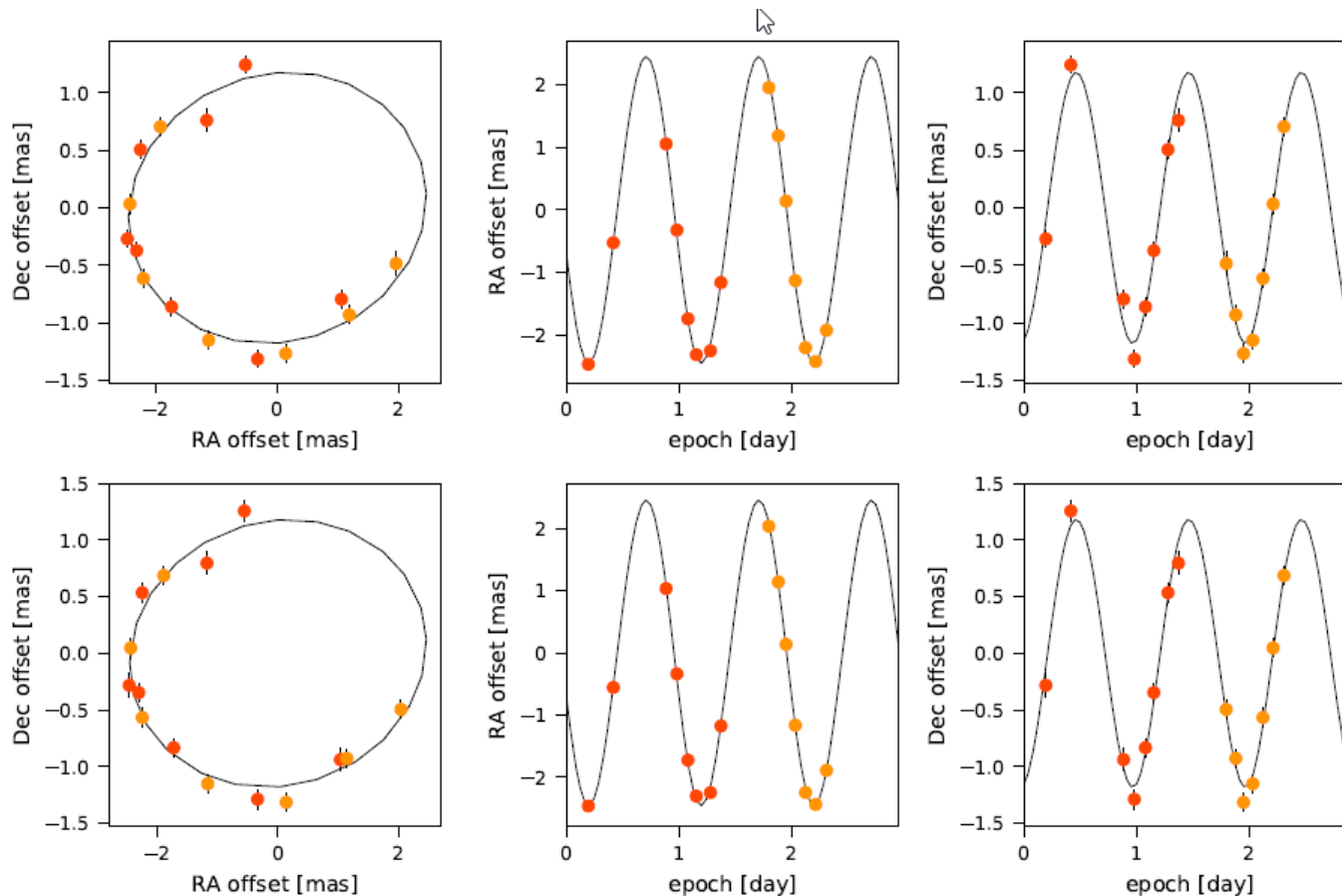


peak = 999.66 Jy/beam  
rms = 27.87 Jy/beam

By Kim

# Broad band system : Parallax

## Comparison bet 4G VS 12G (Orion-KL)



4 Gbps  
 $408 \pm 5$  pc

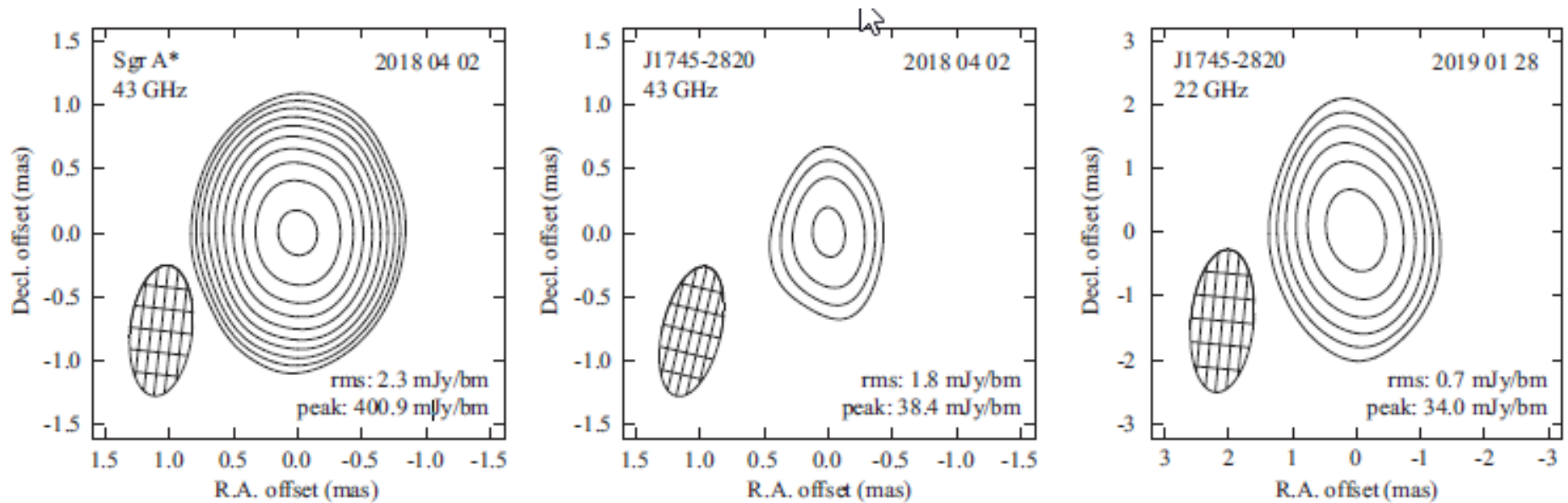
12 Gbps  
 $407 \pm 7$  pc

精度

→12 Gbps sci-observation is now open from 2018/9

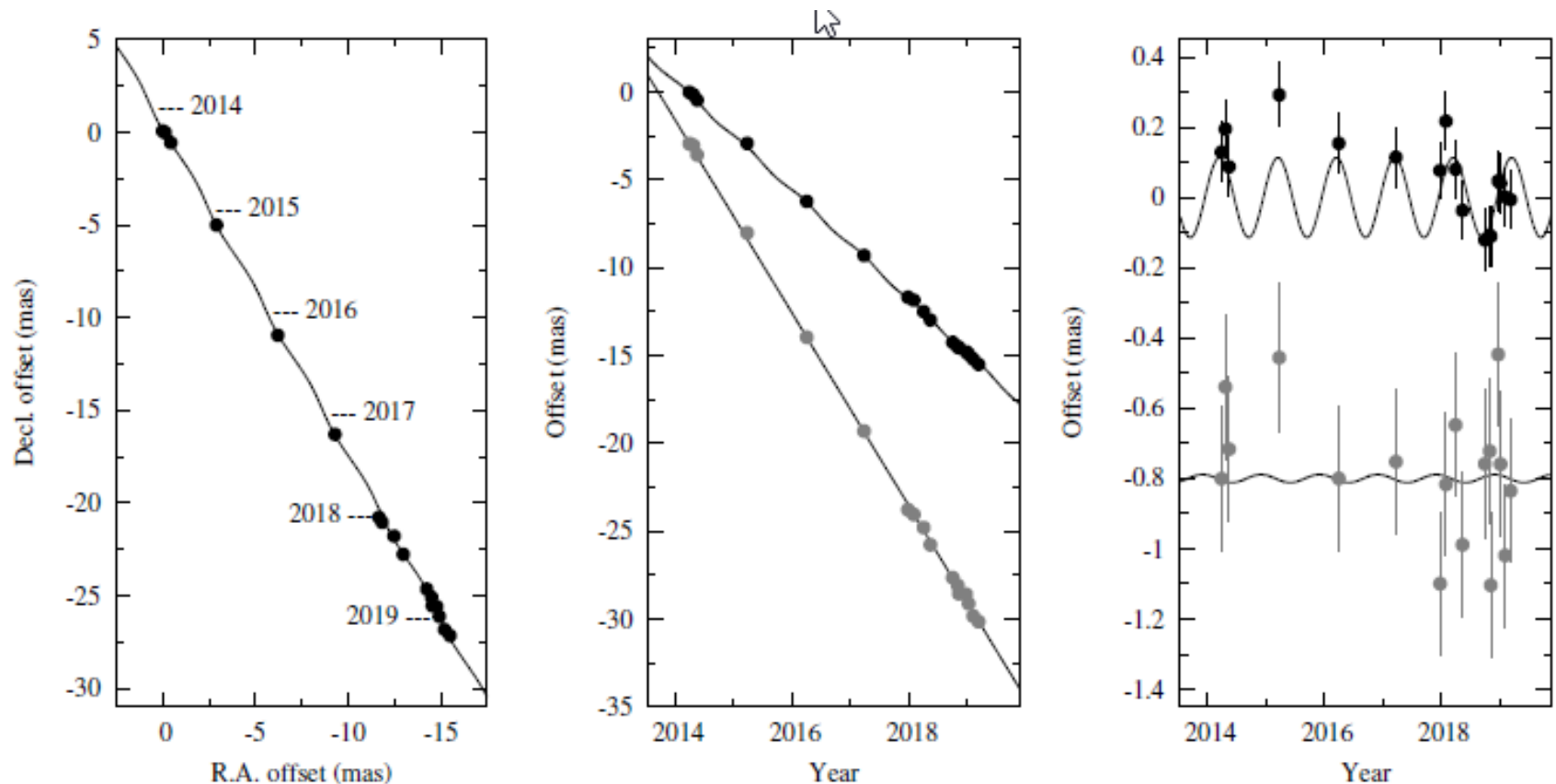
By Kim

# Results: Image of Sgr A\* and calibrator using 8 Gbps system



**Fig. 3.** Image of Sgr A\* 43 GHz (left), J1745-2820 43 GHz (middle), and J1745-2820 22 GHz (right). The contours are plotted at the level of  $5\sigma_{\text{rms}} \times \sqrt{2}^n$  ( $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ ), where rms noise level,  $\sigma_{\text{rms}}$ , is shown in bottom right corner of each panel.

# Results: Measured positional variation of Sgr A\* relative to J1745-2820



**Fig. 4.** Measured positional variation of Sgr A\* relative to J1745–2820. (left): Positions on the sky. (middle): R.A. (black circles) and Decl. (gray circles) position versus time. Decl. data are offset for clarity. (right): Residual offset with the best-fit proper motion removed. The sinusoidal curves show the fixed parallax of 0.125 mas corresponding to the distance of 8 kpc.



# Discussion and Conclusion

- Non-Acceleration of Sgr A\*

- VERA (Our result)

- $\mu_l \cos b = -6.307 \pm 0.025 \text{ mas / yr}$ ,  $\mu_b = -0.214 \pm 0.017 \text{ mas / yr}$

- VLBA (1995 to 2003 by Reid & Brunthaler 2004)

- $\mu_l \cos b = -6.379 \pm 0.026 \text{ mas / yr}$ ,  $\mu_b = -0.202 \pm 0.019 \text{ mas / yr}$

These are consistent with each other within 1% level, Comparing with two measurements whose time gap is  $\delta t = 17 \text{ years}$ , we can strongly limit the acceleration of Sgr A\*. The upper limit of the acceleration is estimated to be  $0.004 \text{ mas / yr}^2 \doteq 0.2 \text{ km/s/yr}$  for combination. This upper limit is one of magnitude smaller than the previous estimations of  $0.3 \text{ mas / yr}^2$  for VLA (Backer, & Sramek 1999) and  $0.03 \text{ mas/yr}^2$  for VLBA ( Reid & Brunthaler 2004)

# Discussion and Conclusion

- Non-Peculiar Motion of Sgr A\*

- The apparent motion in Galactic longitude direction

$$\mu_{\text{lc} \cos b} = -6.307 \pm 0.025 \text{ mas / yr}$$

$$\Omega_0 = 28.38 \pm 0.12 \text{ km/s/kpc and } \Theta_0 = 227.0 \pm 1.0 \text{ km /s}$$

( $R_0 = 8 \text{ kpc}$  and the solar motion is  $12.2 \text{ km/s}$ )

These are consistent with value estimated using the VLBI astrometric results of 160 star-forming regions (VERA Collaboration) and using Gaia DR2 data (Eilers et al. 2019).

- The apparent motion in Galactic latitude direction

$$\mu_b = -0.217 \pm 0.017 \text{ mas / yr or } -8.1 \pm 0.6 \text{ km /s for } R_0 = 8 \text{ kpc}$$

This is consistent with the inverse of the solar motion of  $W = 7.3 \pm 0.9 \text{ km/s}$  (Schonrich et al. 2010)

- The peculiar motion of Sgr A\*

$$(\Delta v_{\text{l} \cos b}, \delta v_b) = (3.2 \pm 2.5, -0.8 \pm 1.1 \text{ km/s})$$

The peculiar motion of Sgr A\* with respect to the barycenter of the Galactic rotation on a global Galactic scale. This result shows Sgr A\* is more stationary in the Galactic Center.

( $18 \pm 7 \text{ km/s}$ ,  $-0.4 \pm 0.9 \text{ km/s}$  Reid et al. 2004)

# VERA システム問題点と改善 (Ph2>Ph3)

## ・ 要望、問題点と改善方法

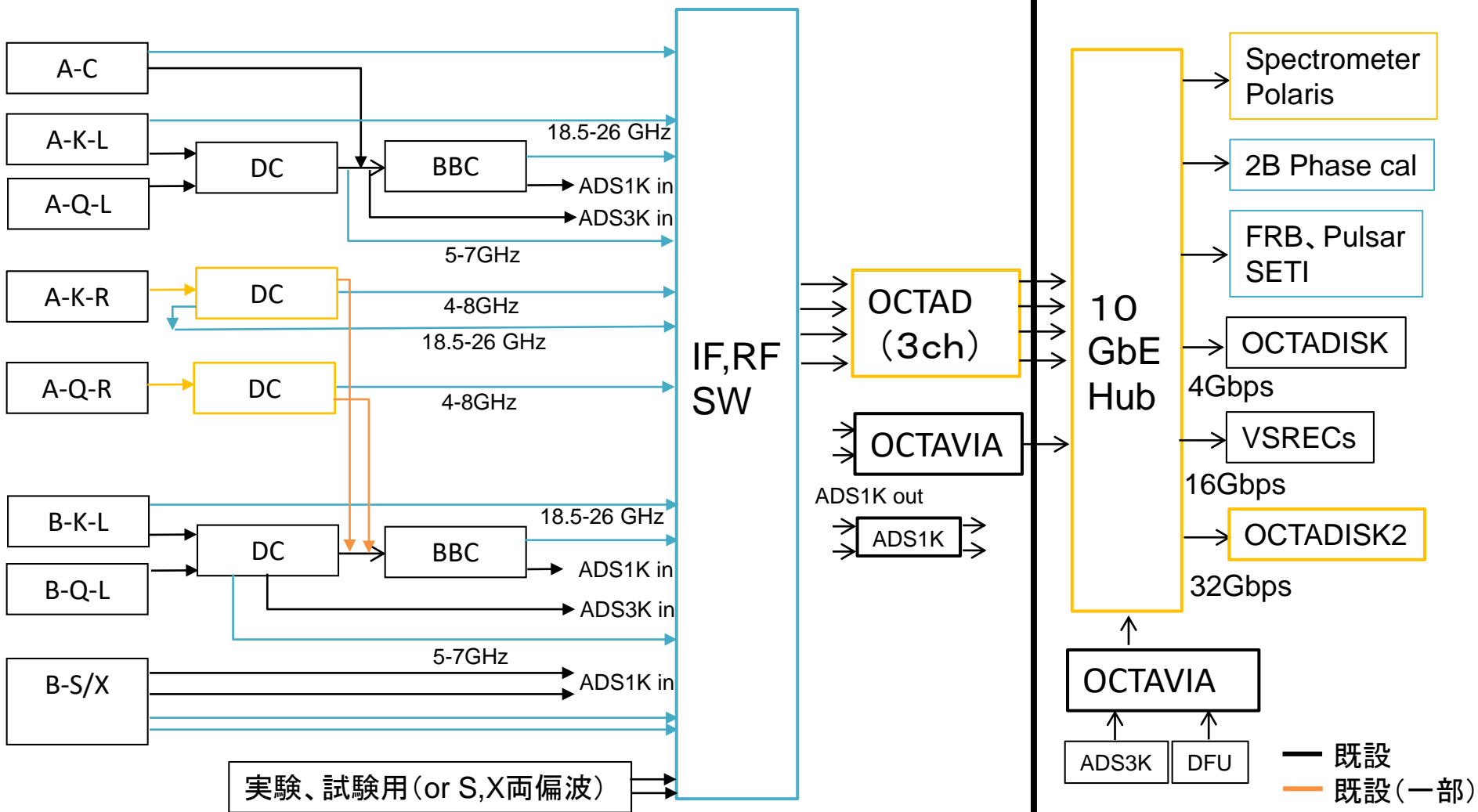
- ADS1K(16-18年)、ADS3K(8-10年)のメーカーメンテ終了 → OCTAD(A/D)へ更新
- 両偏波、KQ同時受信(両モード同時動作) → 4 IF化、統合スイッチ、OCTAD対応
- KQ同時受信観測時の偏波不一致 → OCTAD-RF A/D
- KQ同時受信観測時の周波数選択問題(現状KとV=1のみ観測可能)  
→ OCTAD-RF A/D
- 両偏波観測時の2ビーム観測不可 → 3> IF化、OCTAD-RF A/D
- KQ同時受信時の2ビーム観測不可 → 3> IF化、OCTAD-RF A/D
- スwitchの乱立(両偏波K, Q, C) → 統合スitchの整備

## ・ 将来計画へ向けた拡張

- 超広帯域、RF帯直接観測 → アンモニア、メタノール、SiO Mult line、WVR  
→ KaVA、Hinotori、eEVNとの観測帯域(>32Gbps)の一致
- SKA(Band5c)、GVLBIに向けたテストベッド → LS-band受信機、超広帯域

両偏波、KQ同時受信、4IF、RF-IF統合スitch導入、>32Gbps観測システムの導入<sup>1</sup>

# Brock diagram (3<sup>rd</sup> Phase)



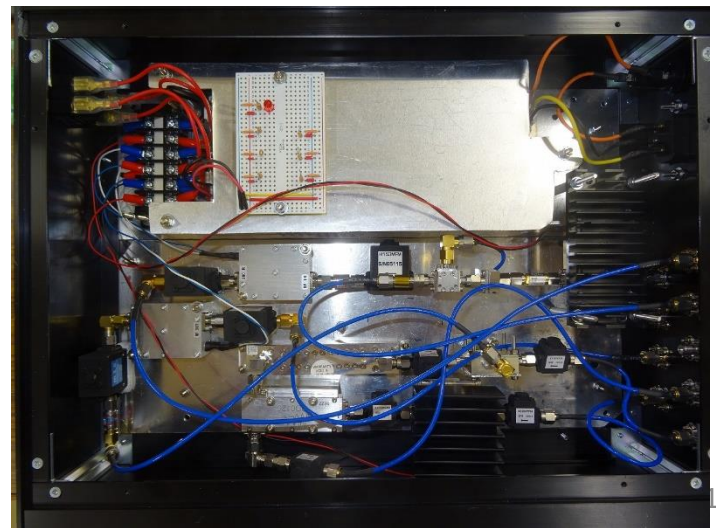
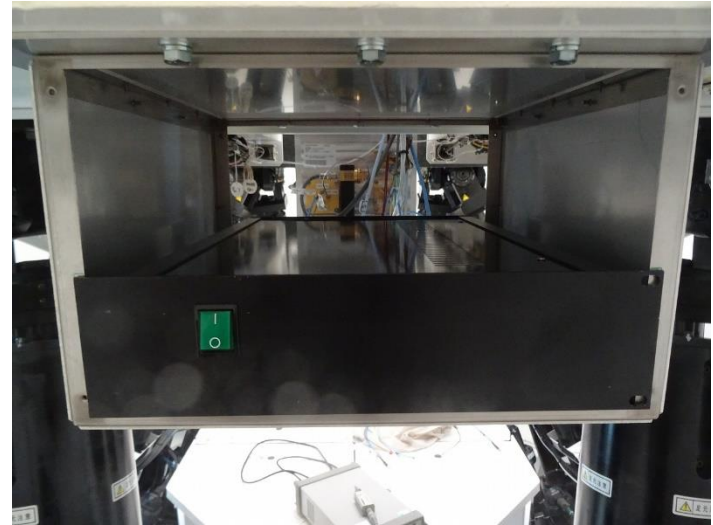
Upper Cabin | Obs room

# 各局配備状況

	MIZ	IRK	OGA	ISG
Reciver (R pol)	○	○	○	○
K-DC (for R)	○	○	○2019/7	○2019/2
Q-DC (for R)	○	○	○2019/7	○2019/2
Mirror (for K/Q)	○	○	○	○
RF-IF、Switch	△	△	△2019/8	△2019/7
OCTAD	△(観測棟)	△(観測棟)	○(上部)	△(観測棟)
OCTADISK2	○	○	○	○
Low freq (L-S)	○2019/1			○2019/1

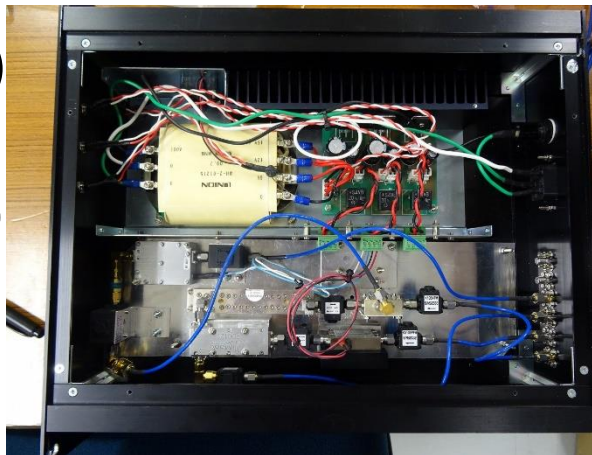
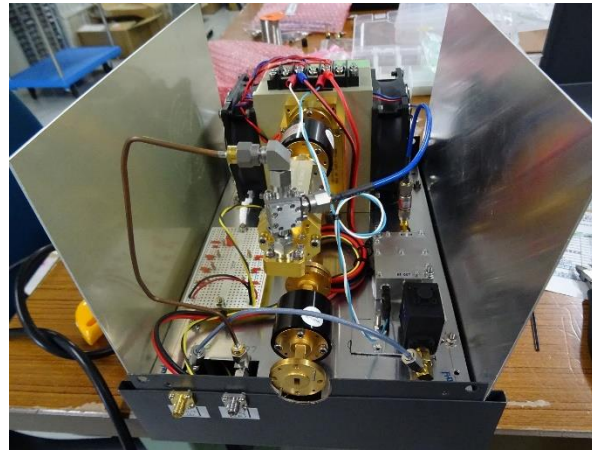
# K,Q両偏波化 RHCP用Down Converter搭載 (小笠原局)

- 2019.7.27-8.15
- K, Q RHCP Down Converter
- Tsys (搭載時)
  - K-LHCP 294K
  - K-RHCP 314K (B beam 303K)
  - Q-LHCP 252K
  - Q-RHCP 338K (B beam 321K)
- First light
  - W49N (H<sub>2</sub>O Maser)
  - Orion (SiO Maser)

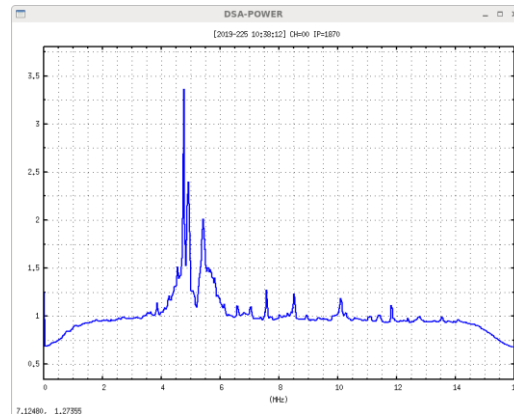
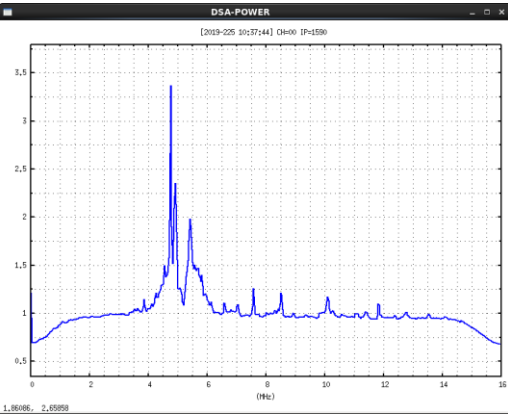


# K,Q兩偏波化 RHCP用Down Converter搭載 (石垣島局)

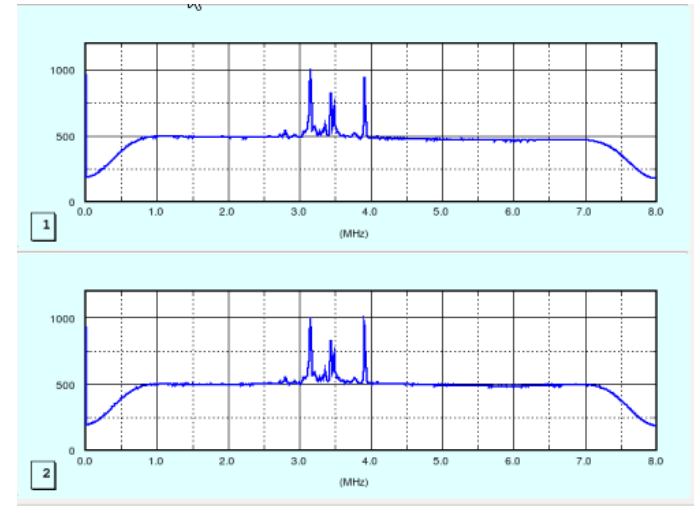
- 2019.2.7-11 (Q-band)  
2019.7.1-12 (K-band)
- K, Q RHCP DC  
(分離型)
- T<sub>sys</sub>(搭載時)
  - K-LHCP 319K (B 306K)
  - K-RHCP 334K
  - Q-LHCP 285K (B 318k)
  - Q-RHCP 369K
- FIRST light
  - W49N (H<sub>2</sub>O Maser)
  - W-Hya (SiO Maser)



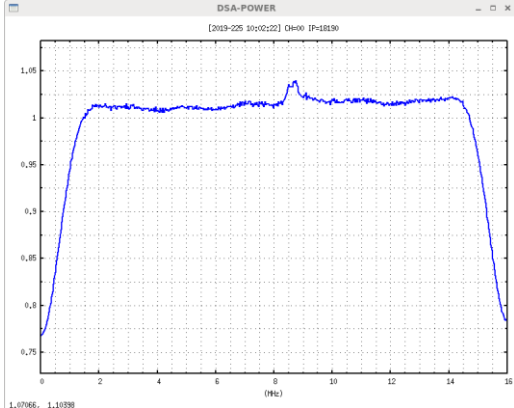
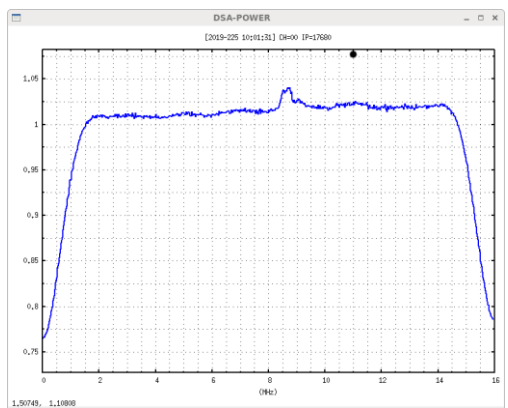
# K,Q RHCP First Light (小笠原、石垣局)



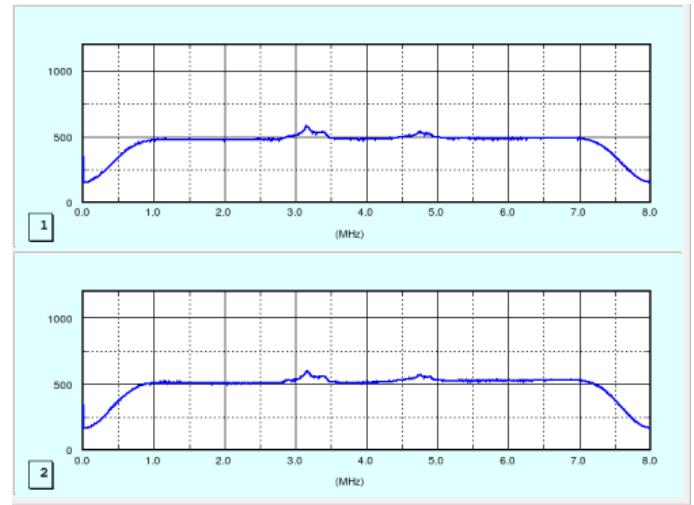
W49N K-band LHCP (Left) 、RHCP (right)、OGA



Ori-KL、K-band LHCP (Upper) 、RHCP (Lower)、ISG



W-Hya Q-band LHCP (Left) 、RHCP (right)、OGA

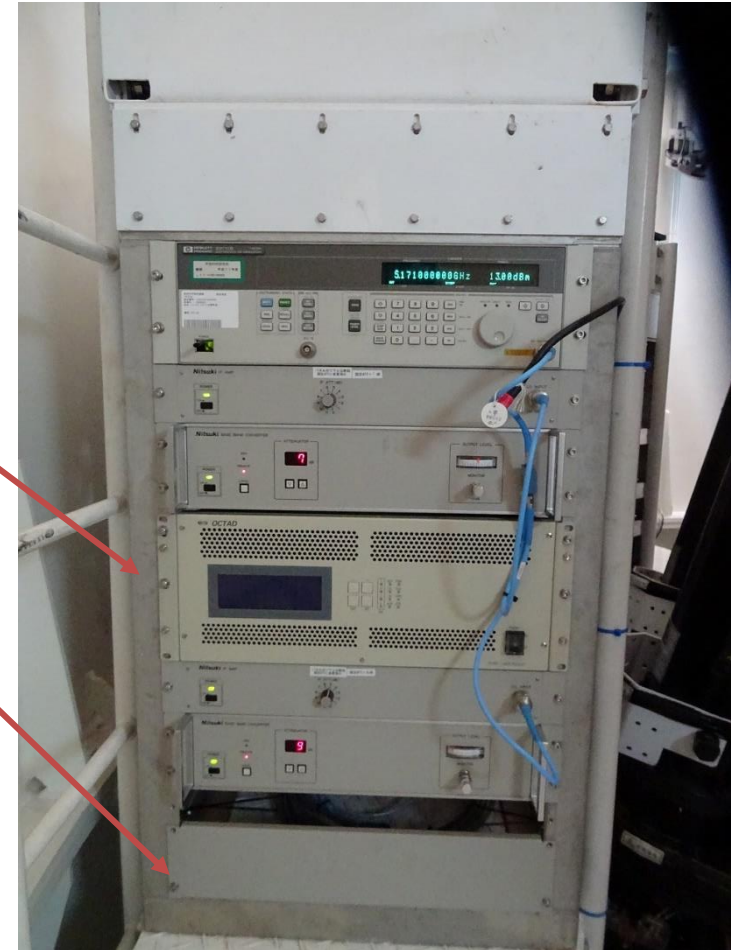


Ori-KL、Q-band LHCP (Upper) 、RHCP (Lower)、ISG



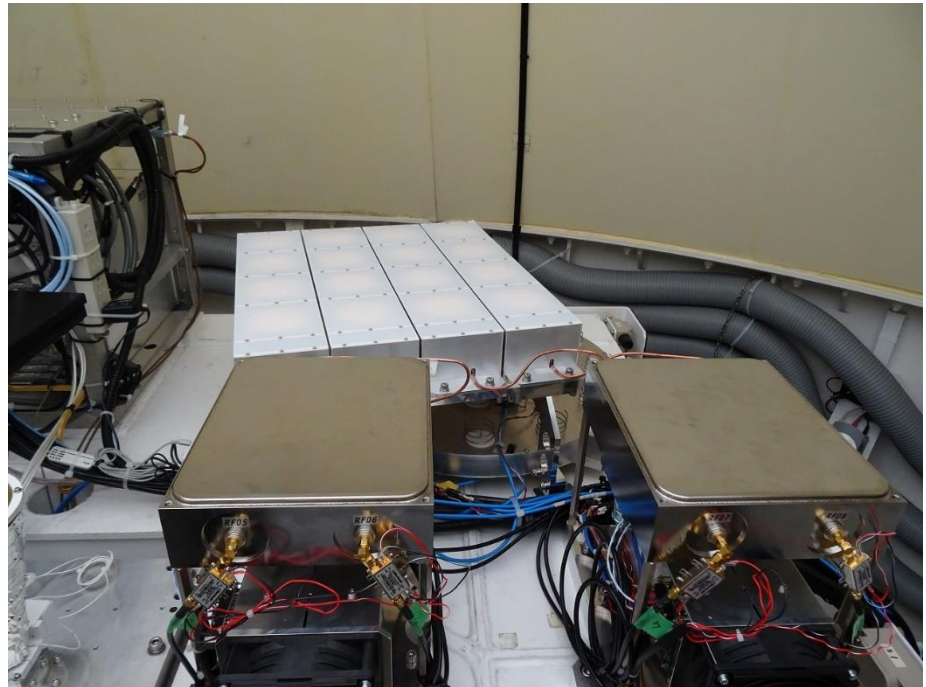
# RF-Direct A/D OCTAD

- VERA全局 観測棟設置 (2017/8)
  - IF A/D available
- OGA 上部機器室移設 (2019/8)
  - IF and RF A/D available
- RF, IF Switch was installed
- WVR、no DC→Simple System
- Freq : 20 -24 GHz ➢ 18-27 GHz
- Broad band : 2048MHz ➢ 9216MHz
- Input Ch : 2(4)
- Under verification (~2020/9)
- Upgrade at other stations (~2020/8)



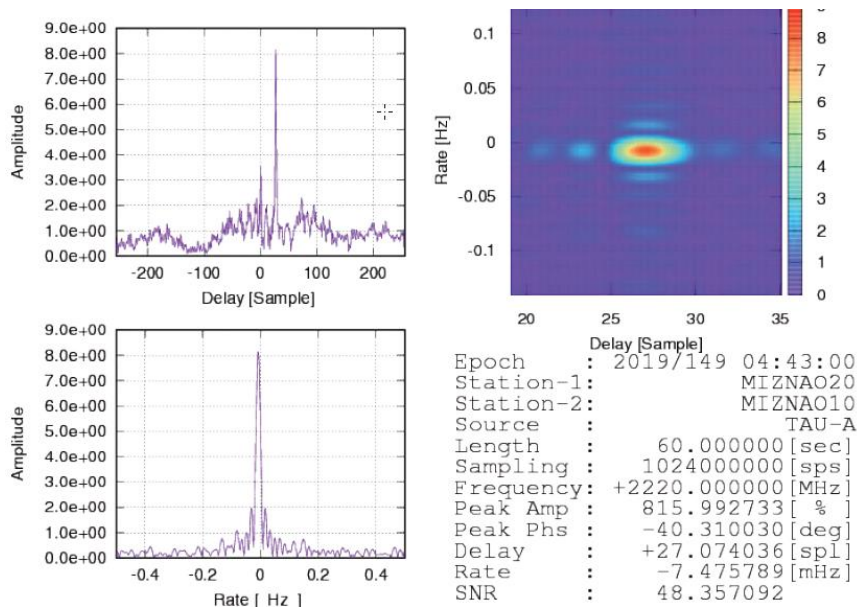
# 超電導フィルター搭載新型 LS-band受信機

- 衛星通信と電波天文の共用化(総務省、東芝ホクトプロジェクト)
- 目的: 1.612GHz帯保護バンドと1.618GHzイリジウム通信帯との共用化を超電導フィルターを用いて検証する
- 目標受信帯域: 1.4-2.3GHz
- 受信機雑音温度(~50K)
- 16素子パッチアンテナ
- 水沢、石垣搭載(2019/1-2)
  
- FRB、Pulsar、SETI
- VLBI (EAVN、FAST)

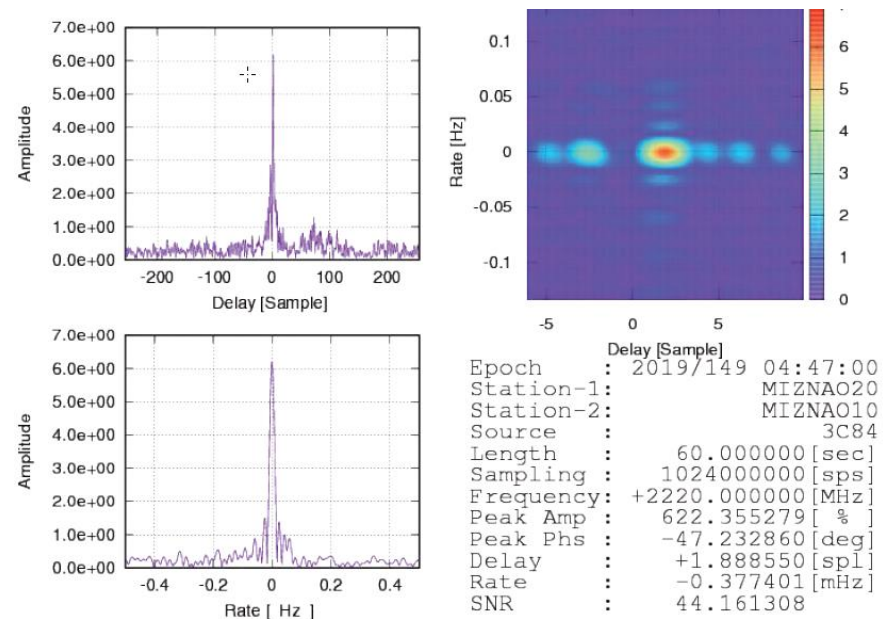


# 超電導フィルター搭載新型 LS-band受信機(FRINGE試験)

- 水沢10m-20m zero-baseline fringe test
  - Date : 2019/5/29
  - Freq : 2020-2532MHz
  - Target : TauA、3C84、DA193
  - 太陽を用いてポインティング補正
  - フリンジ検出



TauA

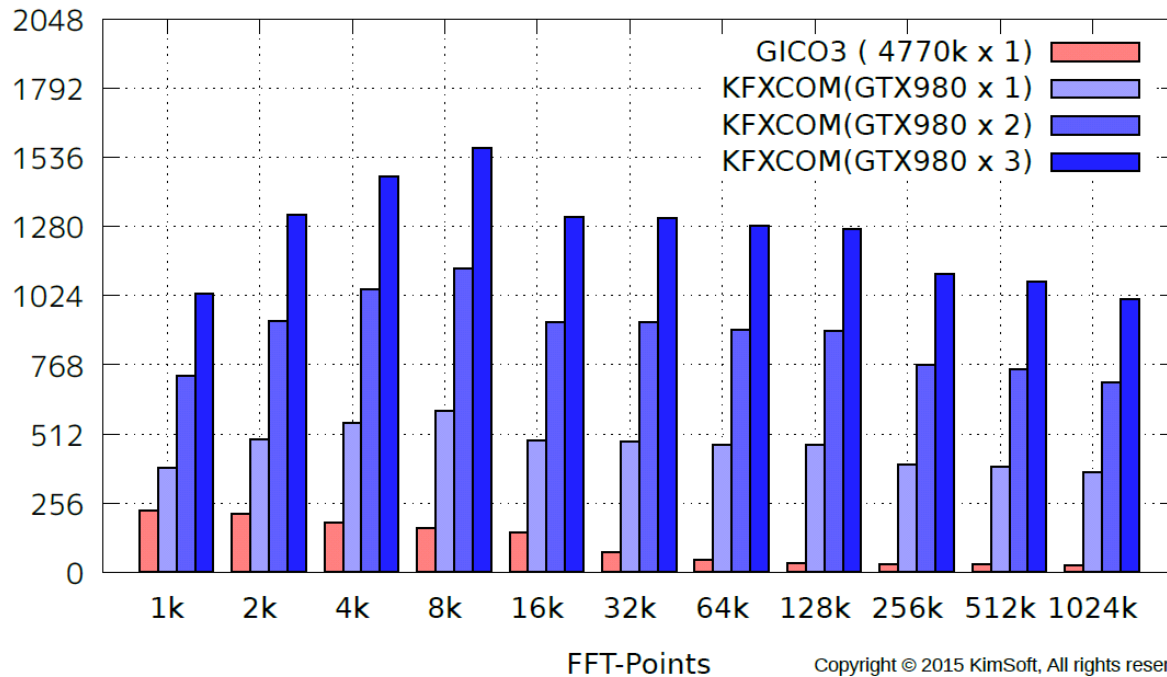


3C84

# GPU Correlator

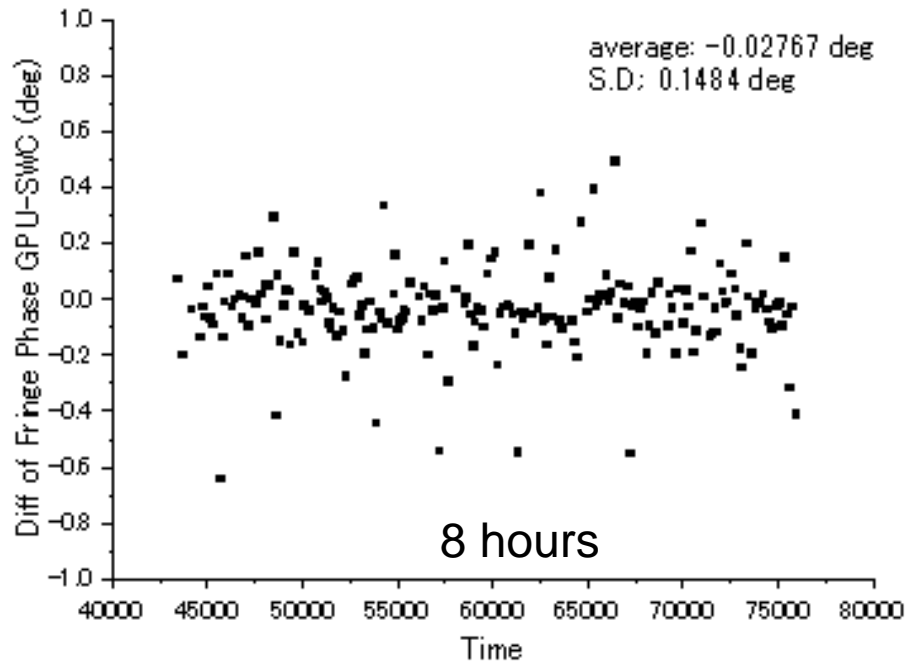
## KFXCOM (GPU) VS GICO3 (CPU)

Correlation Speed with 4-stations @ 2Bits (CompFFT)

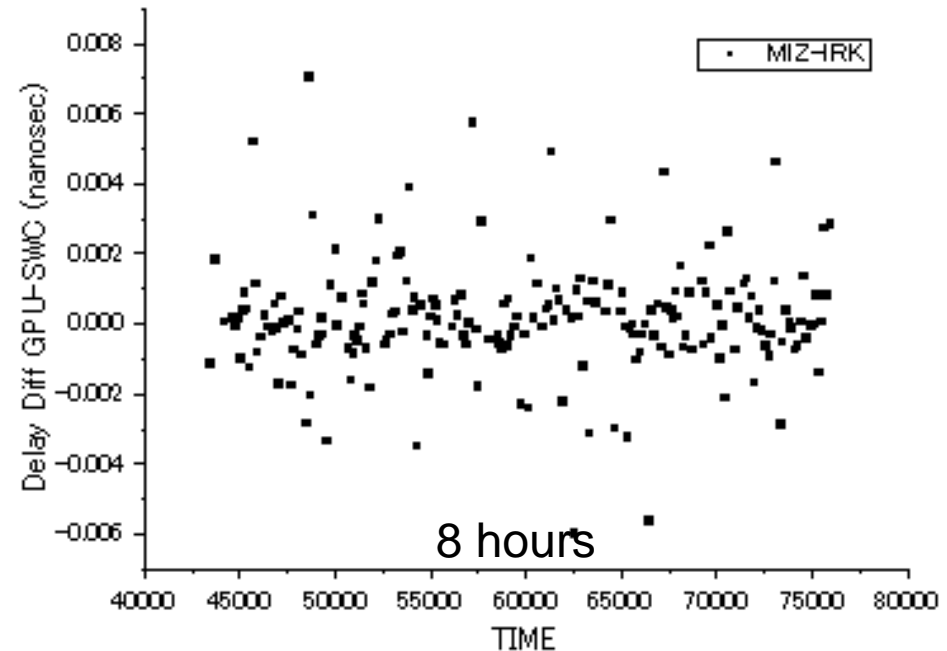


1Gsps obs

# Comparison btw GPU and CPU



Phase (deg)



Delay (nsec)

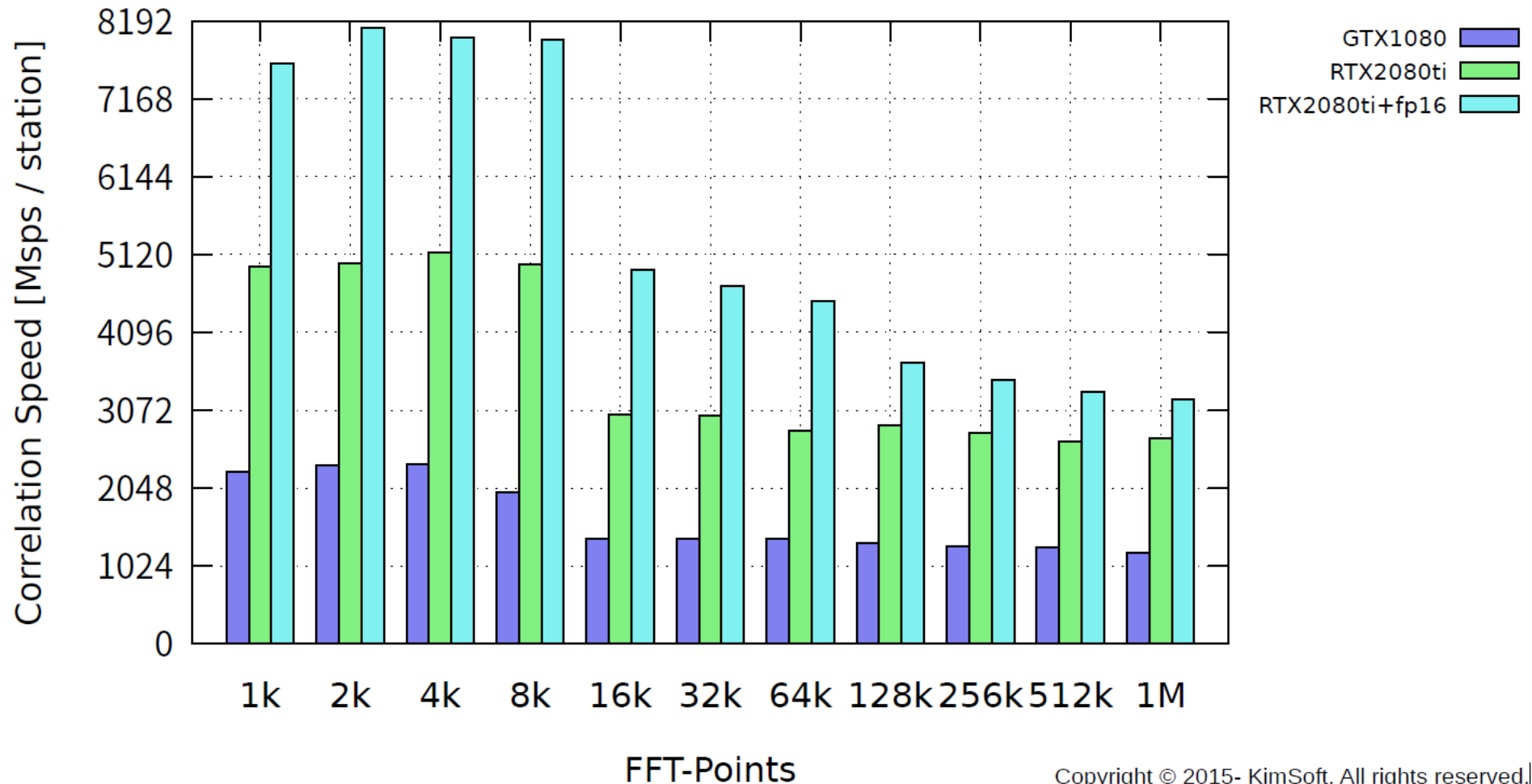
Phase STD =  $0.15$  deg  
Delay STD =  $1.16$  psec



good consistent

# GPU (RTX2080) 相關器

Correlation Speed with 4-stations, 2-bits by GTX1080 RTX2080ti



# Summary

- K, Q Dual polarization obs start (All stations)
- OCTAD、RF-IF switch system all installed at upper Cabin (Oga)
- Low frequency (L-S)observing system was installed at Miz and ISG and is under verification
- GPU correlator under verification (open 2020/4)
- Pathfinder VERA for SKA